

Estimation of Dynamic Rupture Parameters

Kim Olsen **ICS – UCSB**

S. Peyrat, T. Mikumo, E. Fukuyama, and R. Madariaga

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Resources Panel on Earthquake Research
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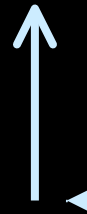
Slip-weakening
Distance ?

Fracture Energy ?

k ?

Yield Stress ?

Initial Stress ?



Strain Energy ?

Velocity-weakening
Distance ?

Characteristic
Length ?

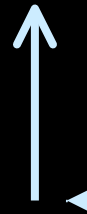
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Fracture Energy ?

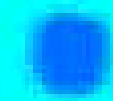
k ?

Yield Stress ?

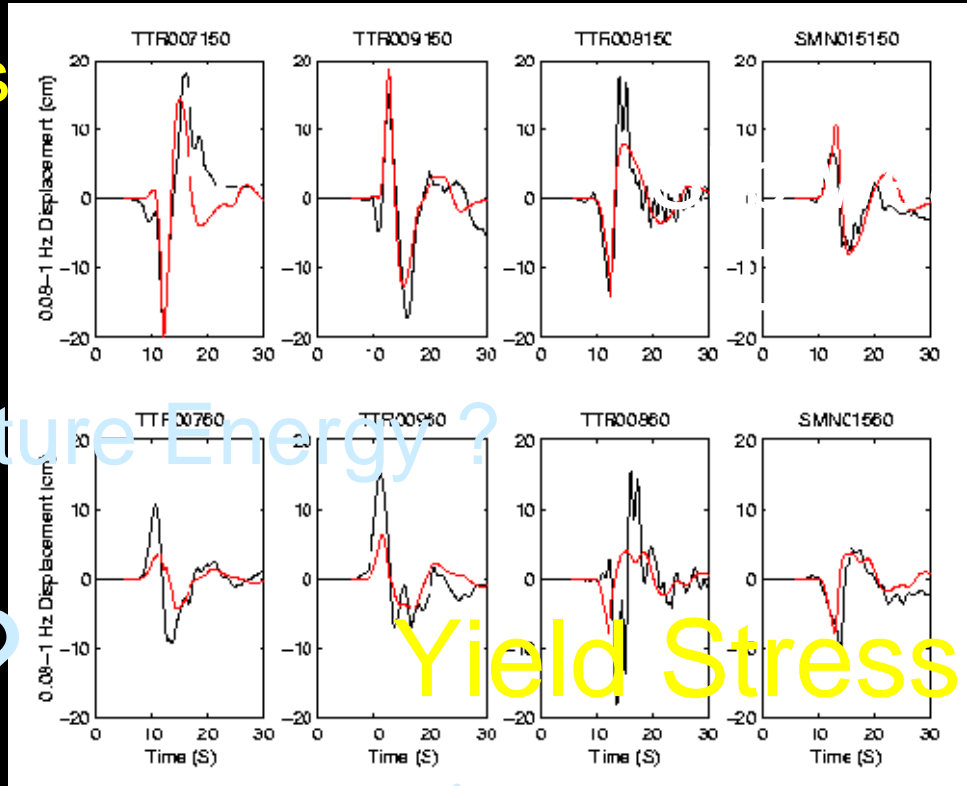
Initial Stress ?

Strain Energy ?

Velocity-weakening
Distance ?



Characteris
Length ?



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Fracture Energy ?

k ?

Yield Stress ?

Initial Stress ?

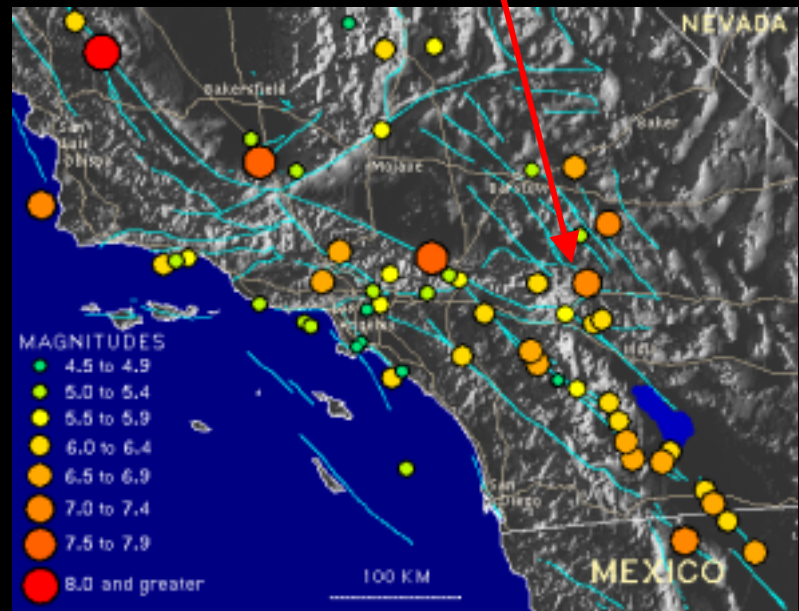
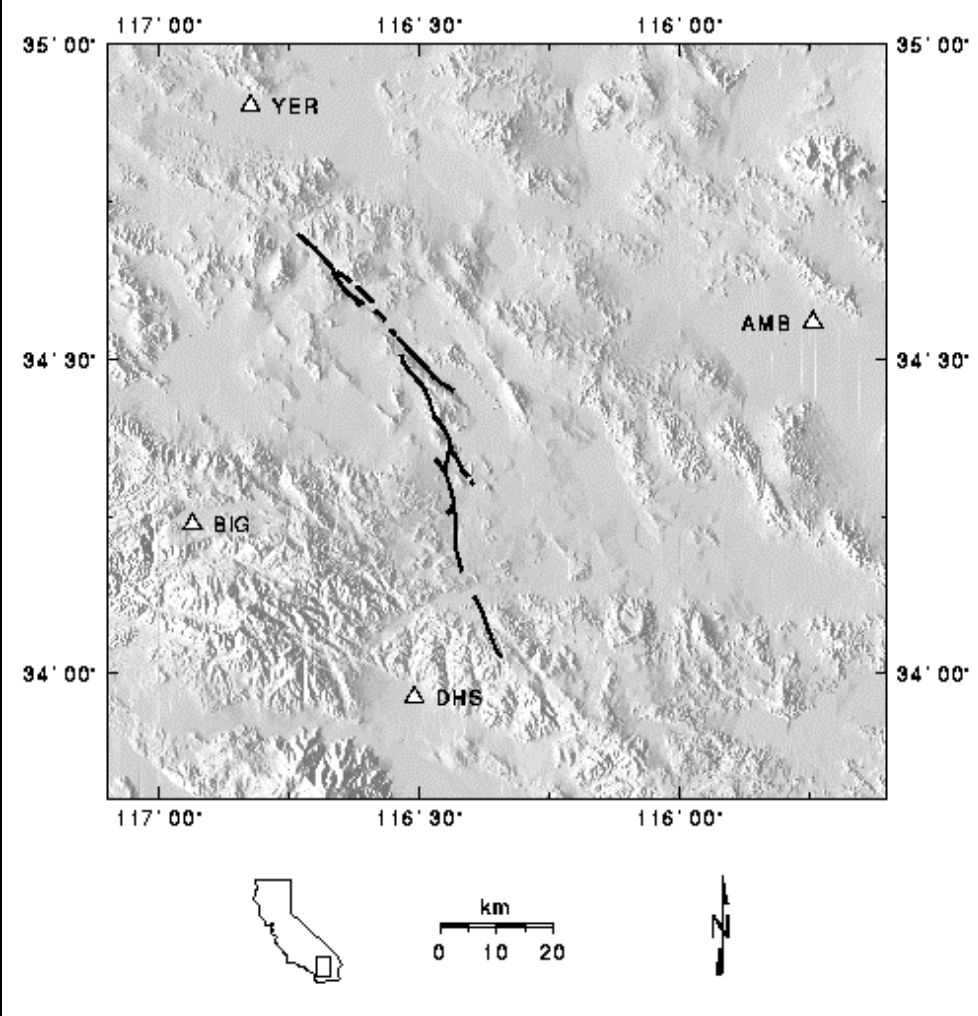
Strain Energy ?

Velocity-weakening
Distance ?

Friction - Strength – Stress

Possible to Estimate Separately ?

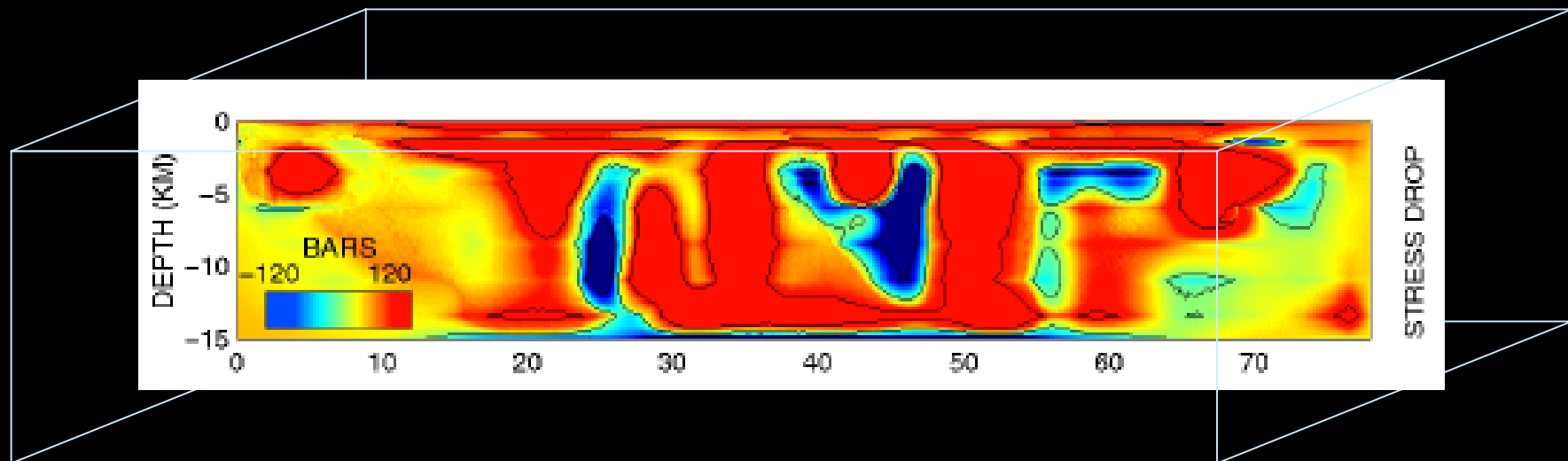
Fault and station location



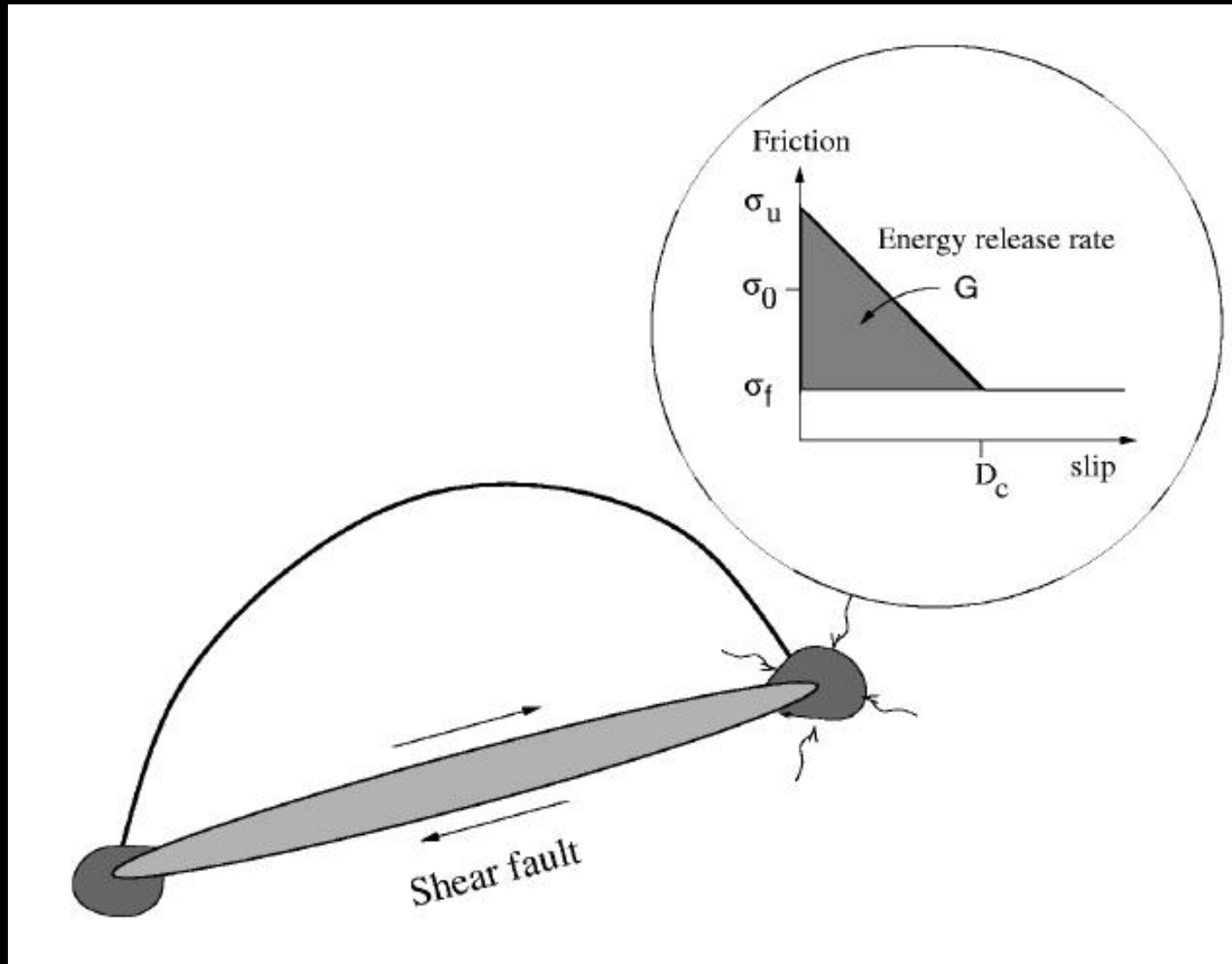


Model and Initial Stress Computation

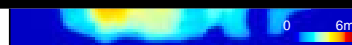
- Compute moment distribution M_{ij} from Wald & Heaton's kinematic slip inversion
- Find stress distribution S_{ij} in equilibrium with M_{ij}



Fracture Energy Versus Strain Energy



Three Equivalent Dynamic Rupture Models



(c) Spatially-variable D_c

Initial stress

$$T_e = 11.4 \text{ MPa}$$

Yield stress

$$T_u = 12.5 \text{ MPa}$$

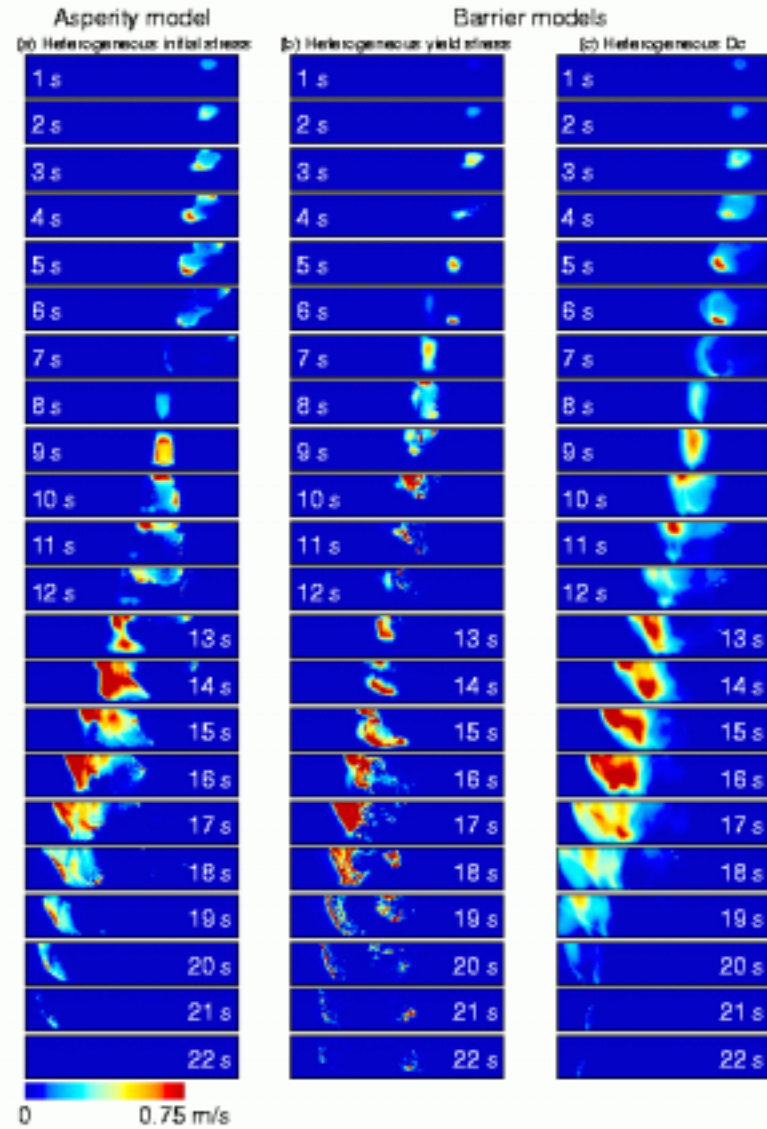
Slip weakening distance



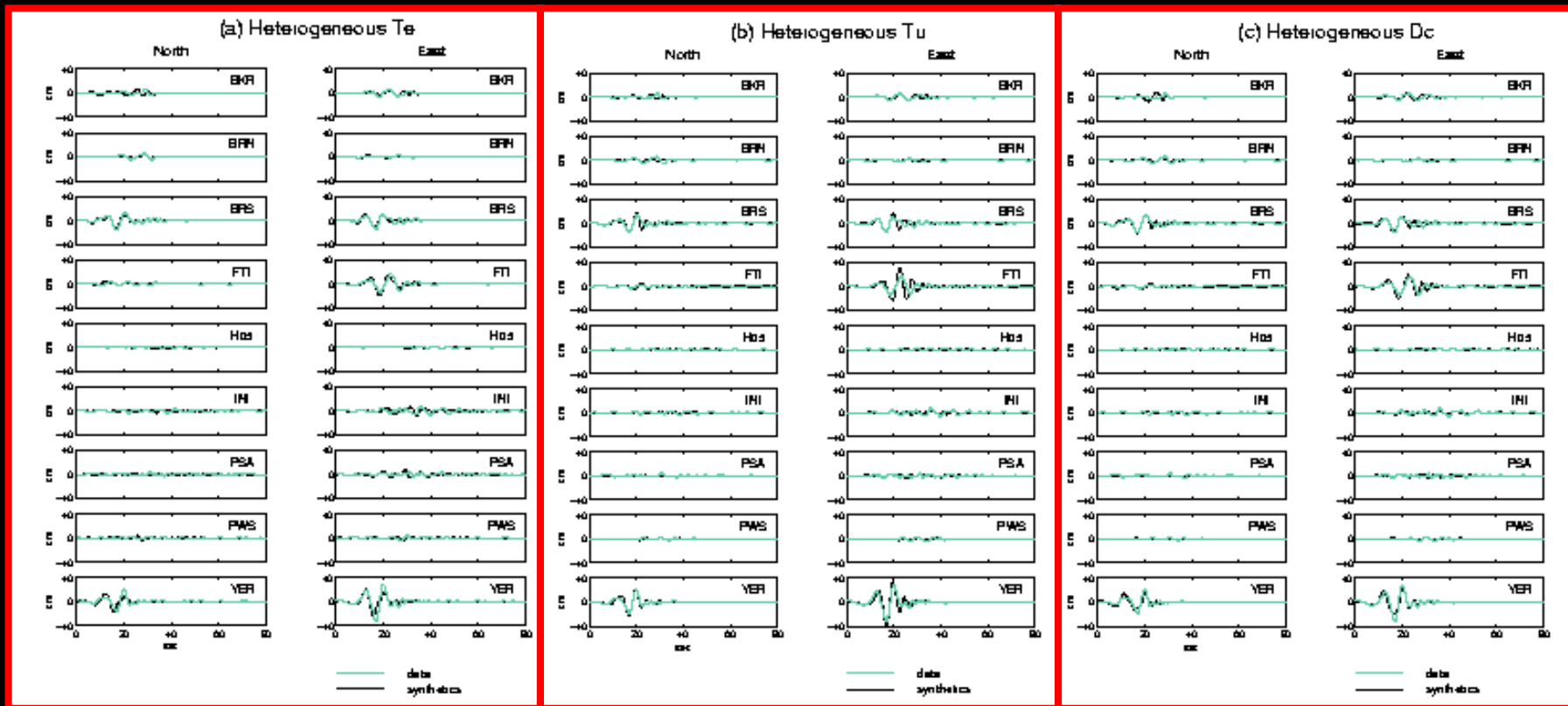
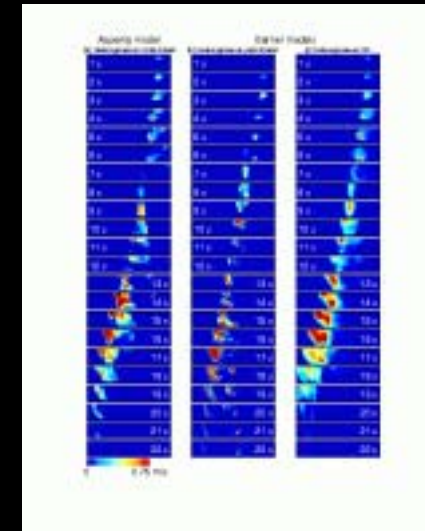
Final Slip



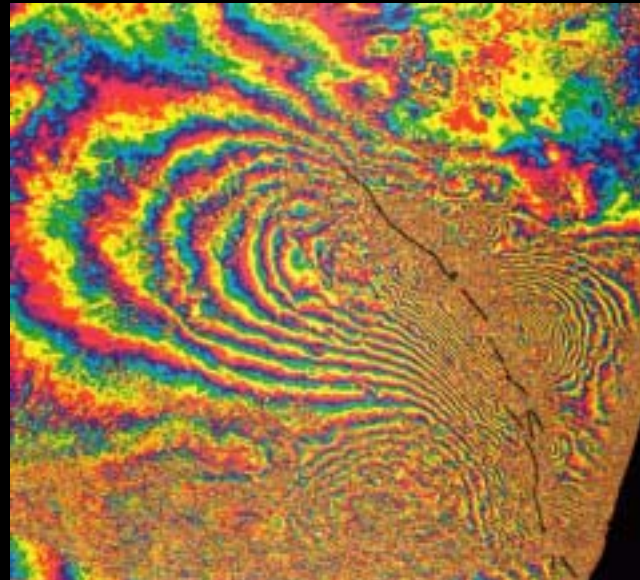
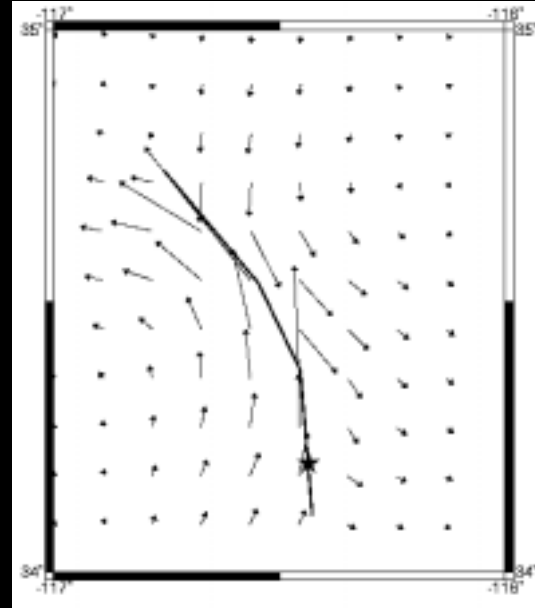
Comparison of Dynamic Rupture Propagation



Accelerograms Versus Synthetic Ground Motion From Inversion of Dynamic Rupture



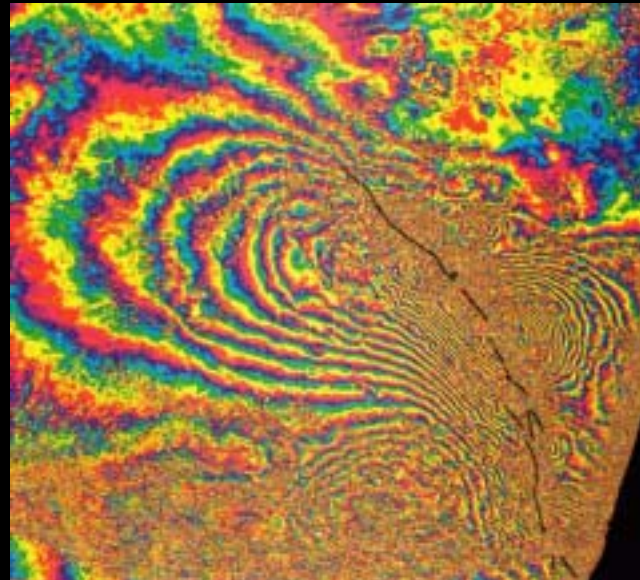
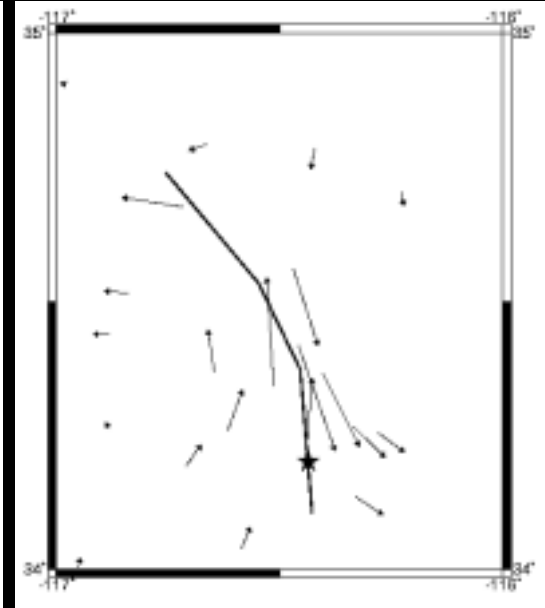
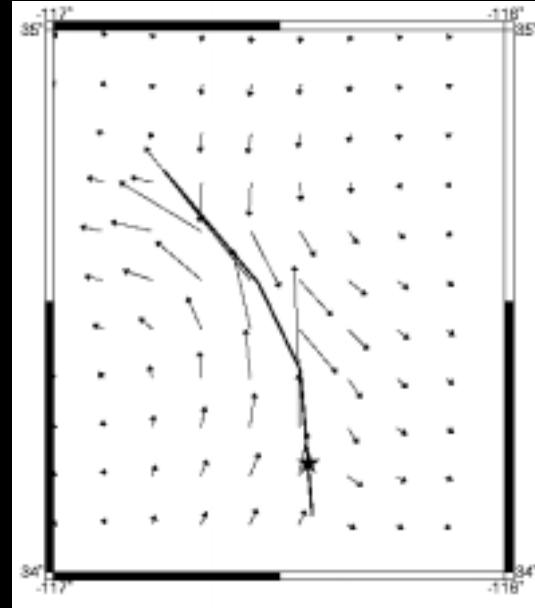
Surface Slip



InSAR

GPS

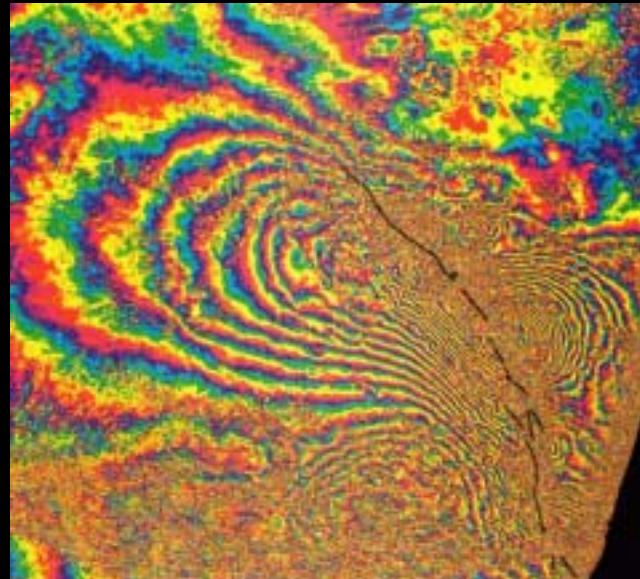
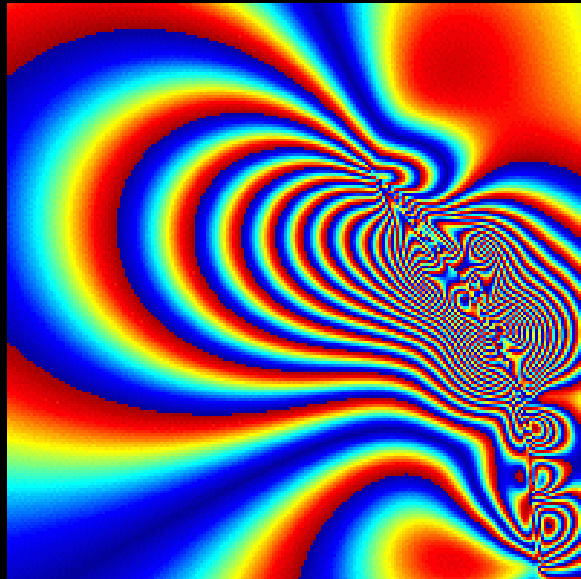
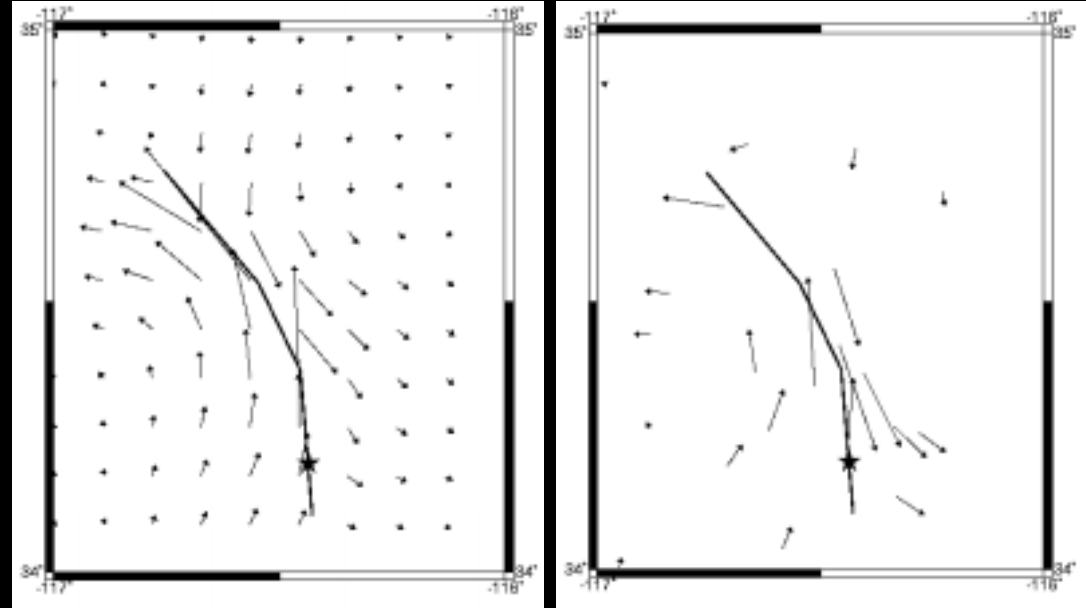
Surface Slip



InSAR

GPS

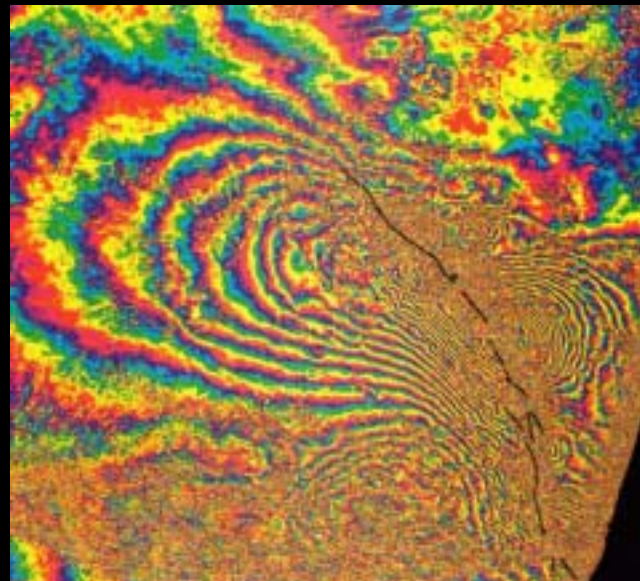
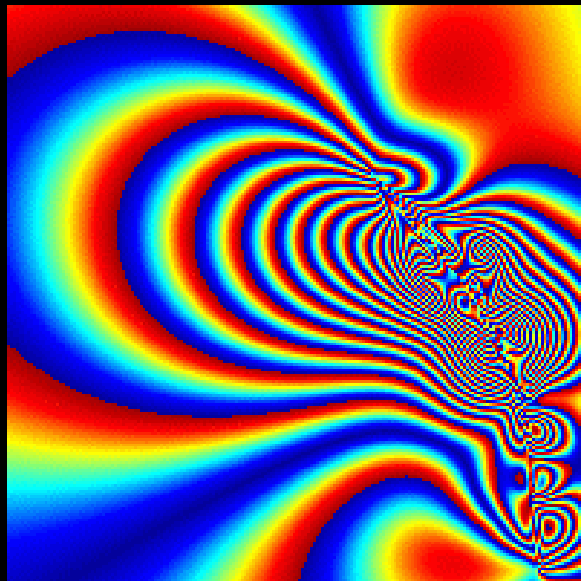
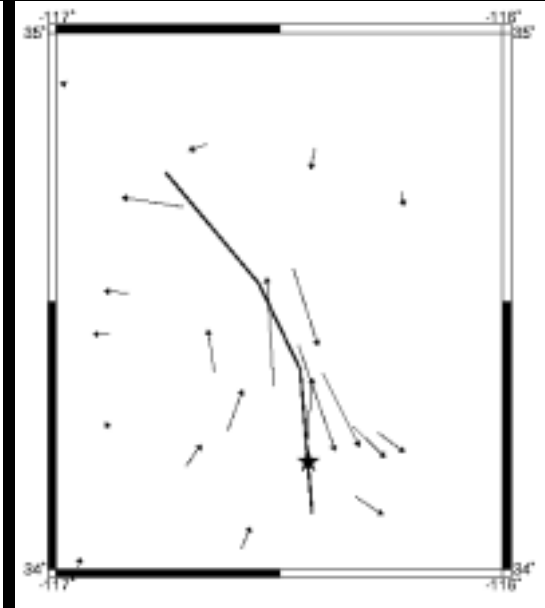
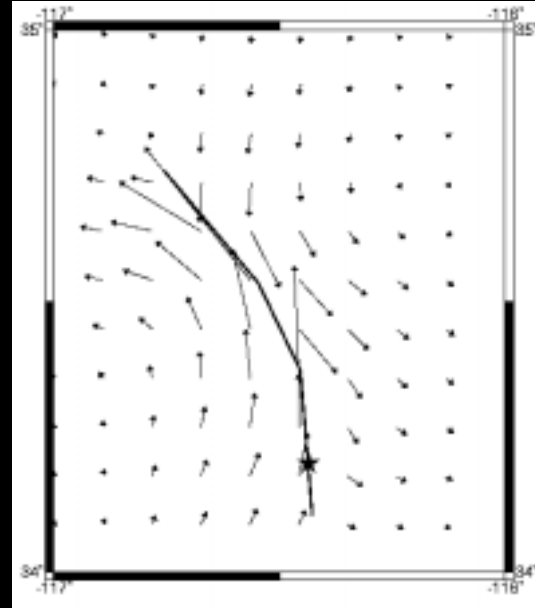
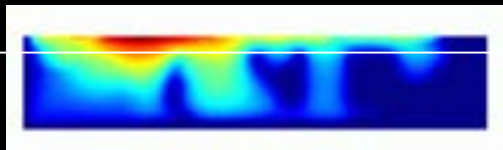
Surface Slip



InSAR

GPS

Surface Slip



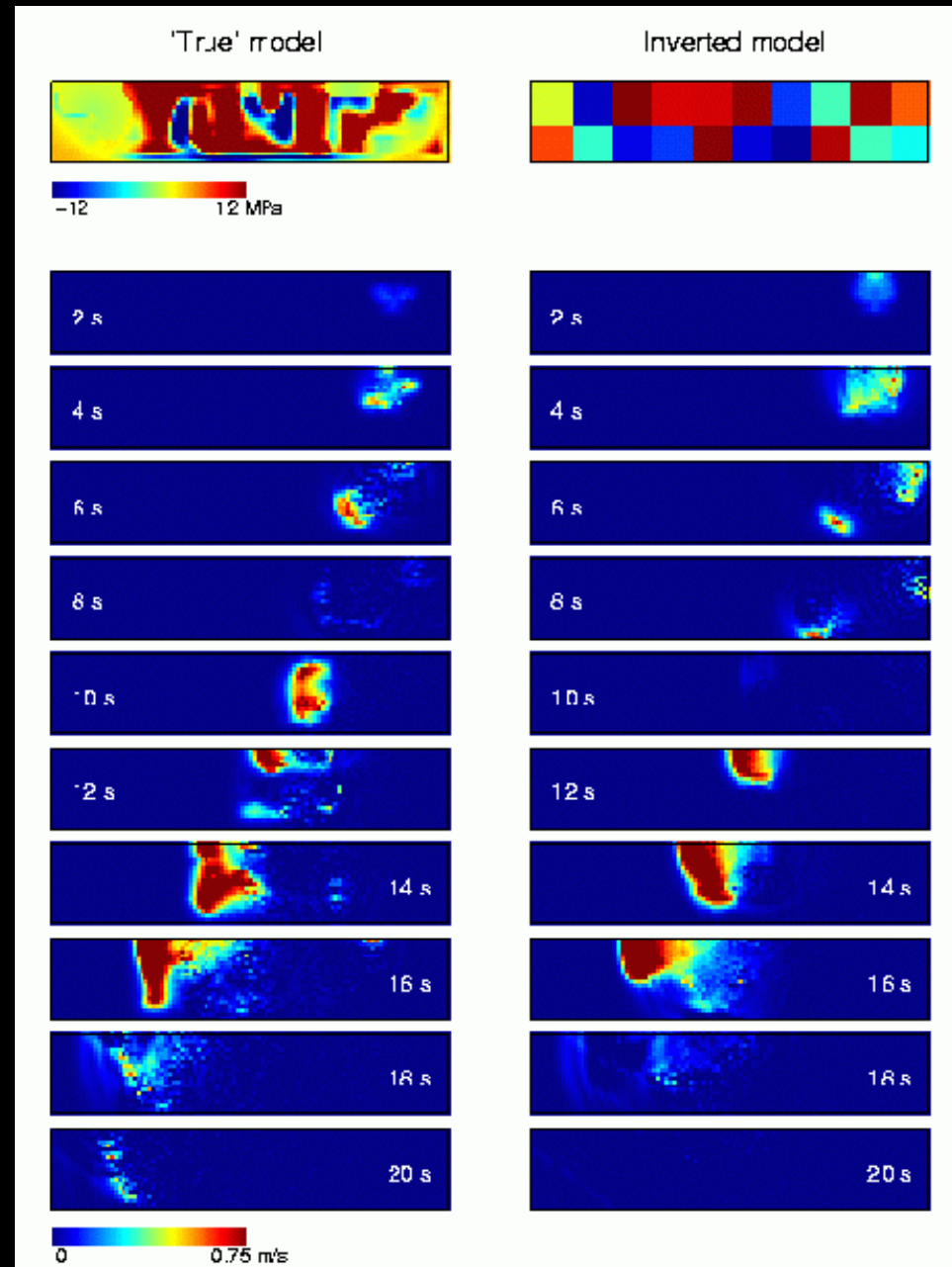
InSAR

Summary

Summary

Accelerograms constrain rupture propagation, fracture energy, but *not* D_c , T_e , T_u , through waveform modeling

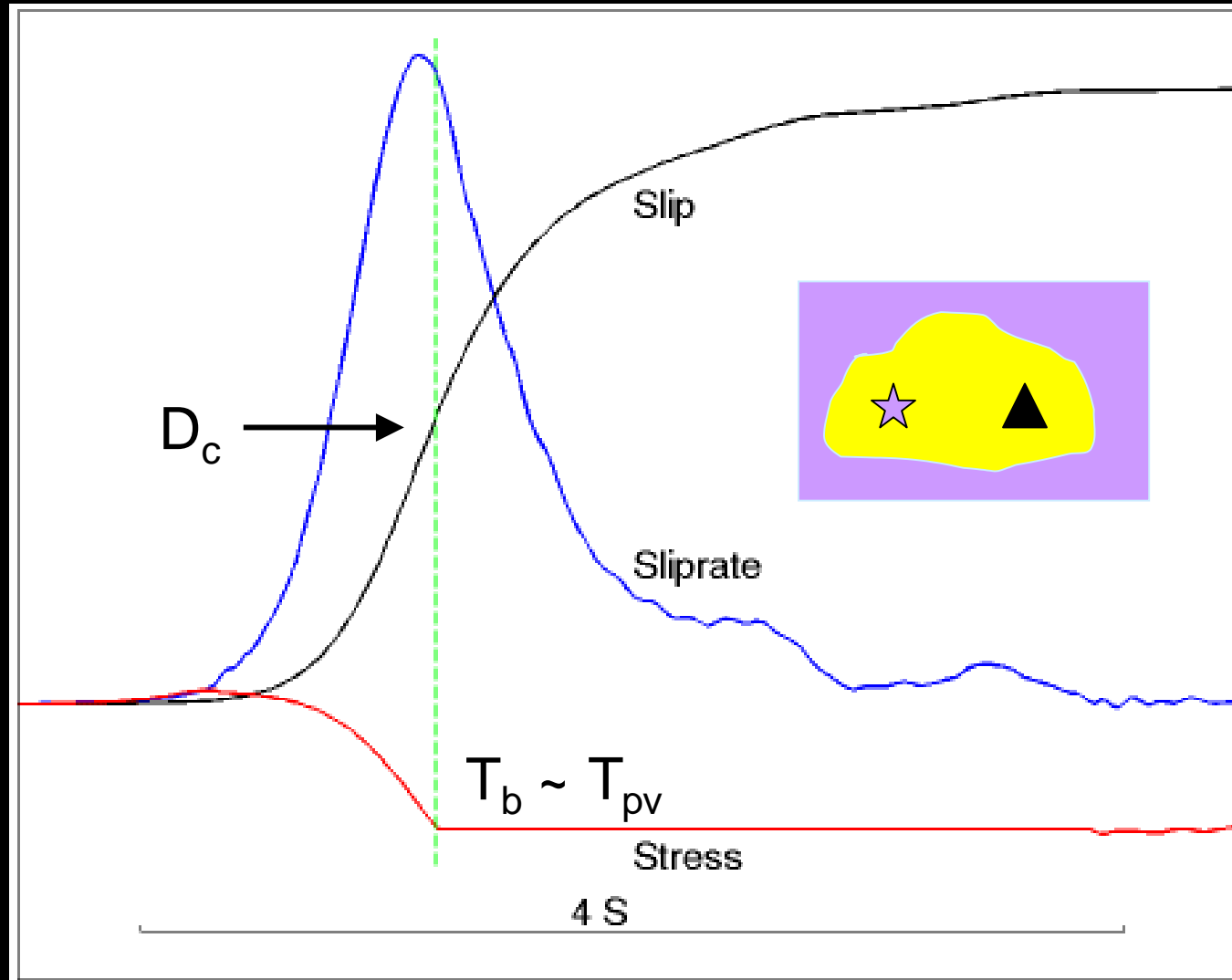
Inversion of Dynamic Rupture



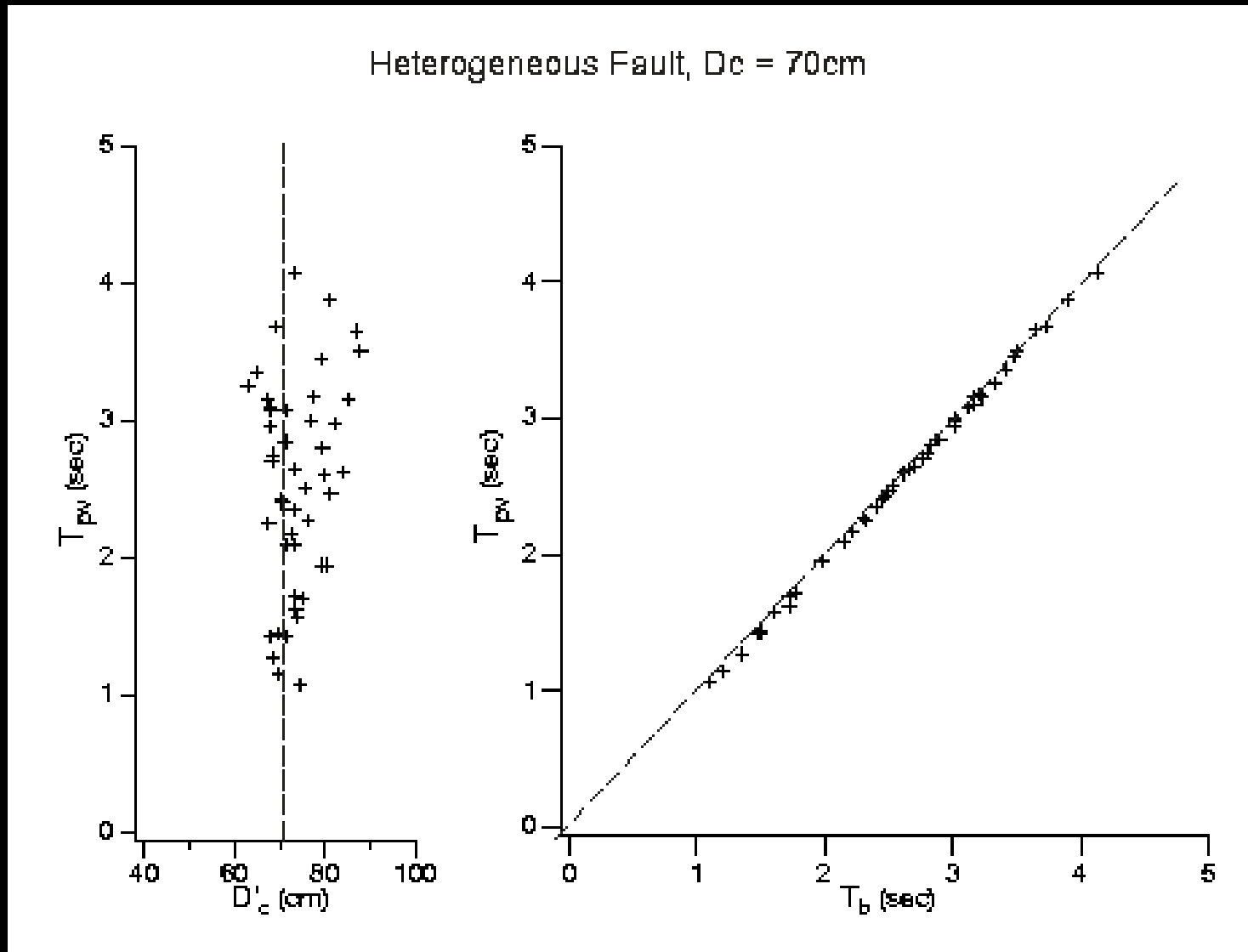
Friction

Possible to Estimate Directly ?

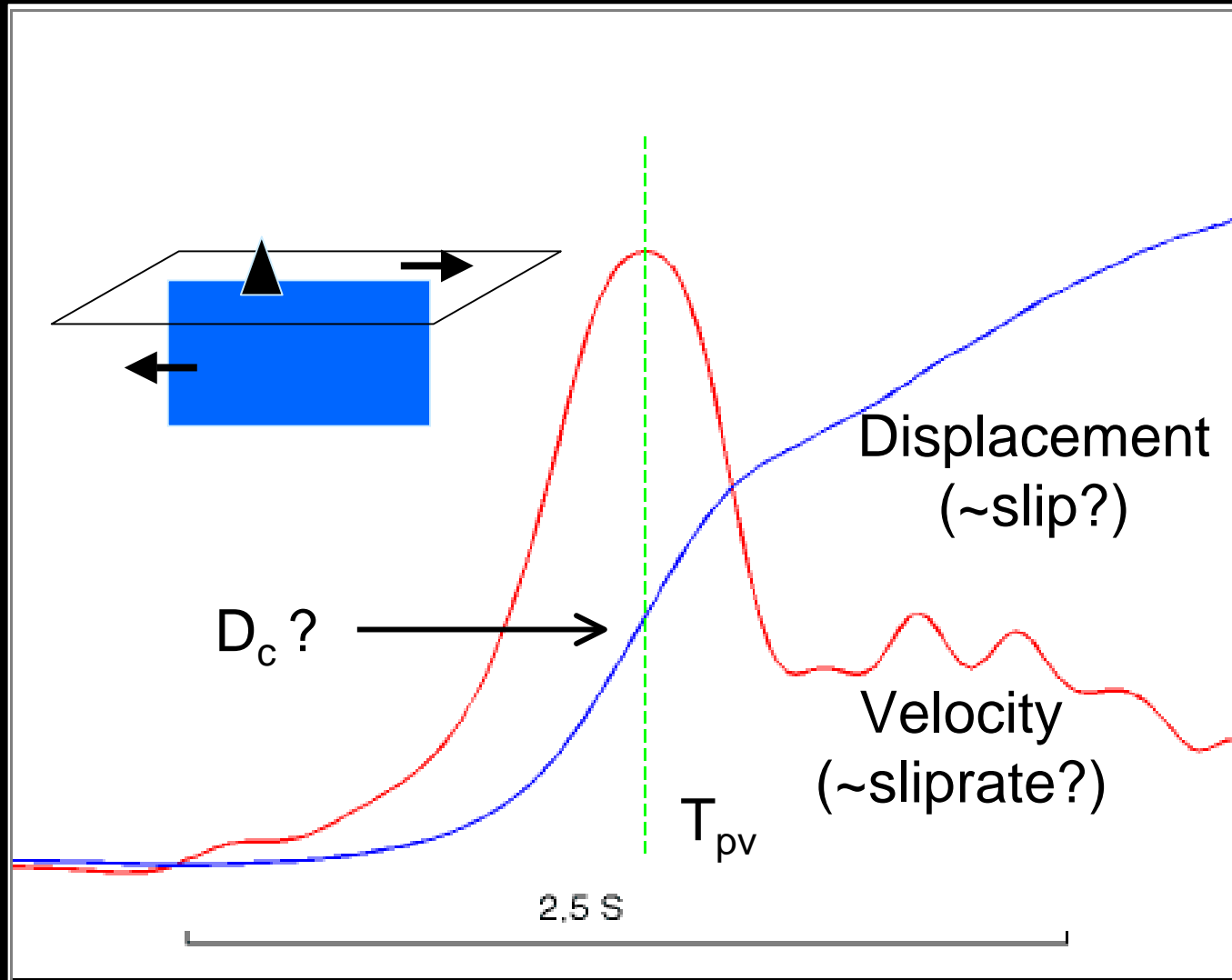
Mikumo, Olsen, Fukuyama & Yagi (2002): $\text{Slip}(T_{pv}) \sim D_c$



Mikumo, Olsen, Fukuyama & Yagi (2002): $Slip(T_{pv}) \sim D_c$

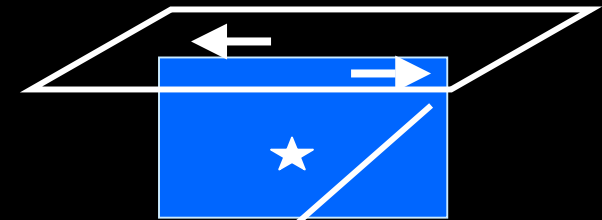
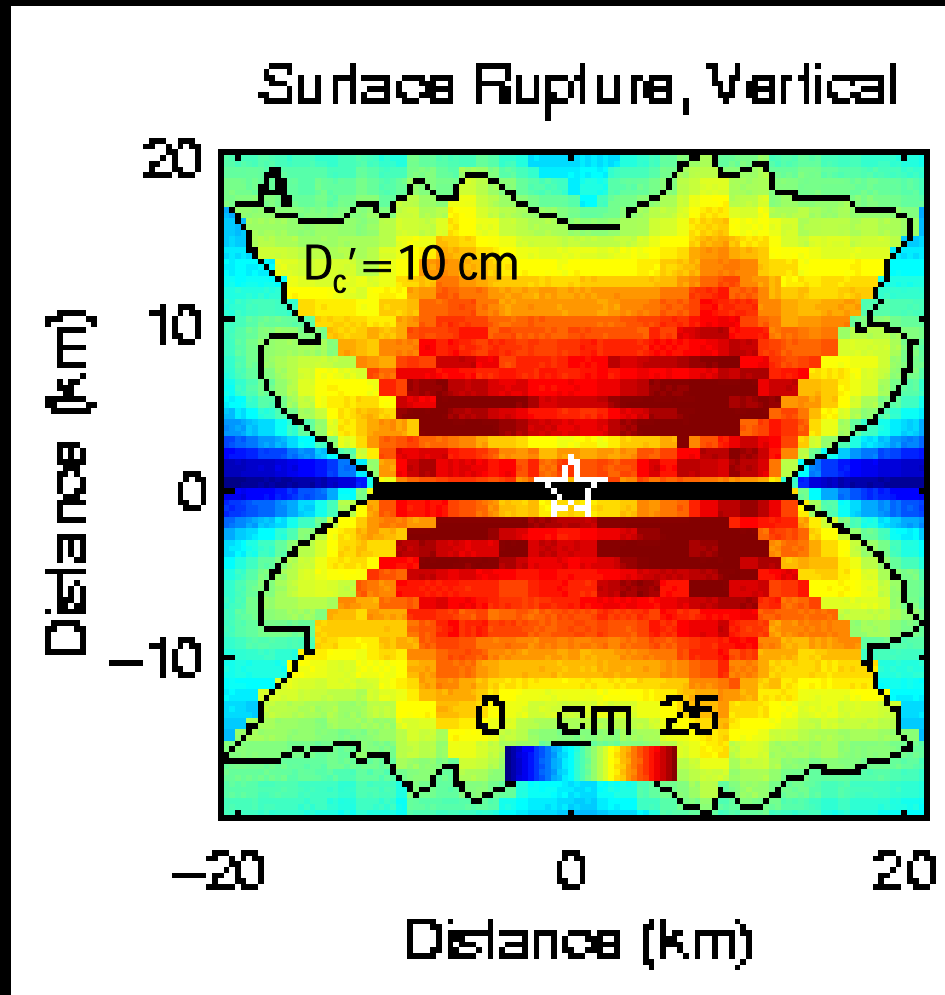


Displacement (T_{pv}) $\sim D_c$ Near Fault ??

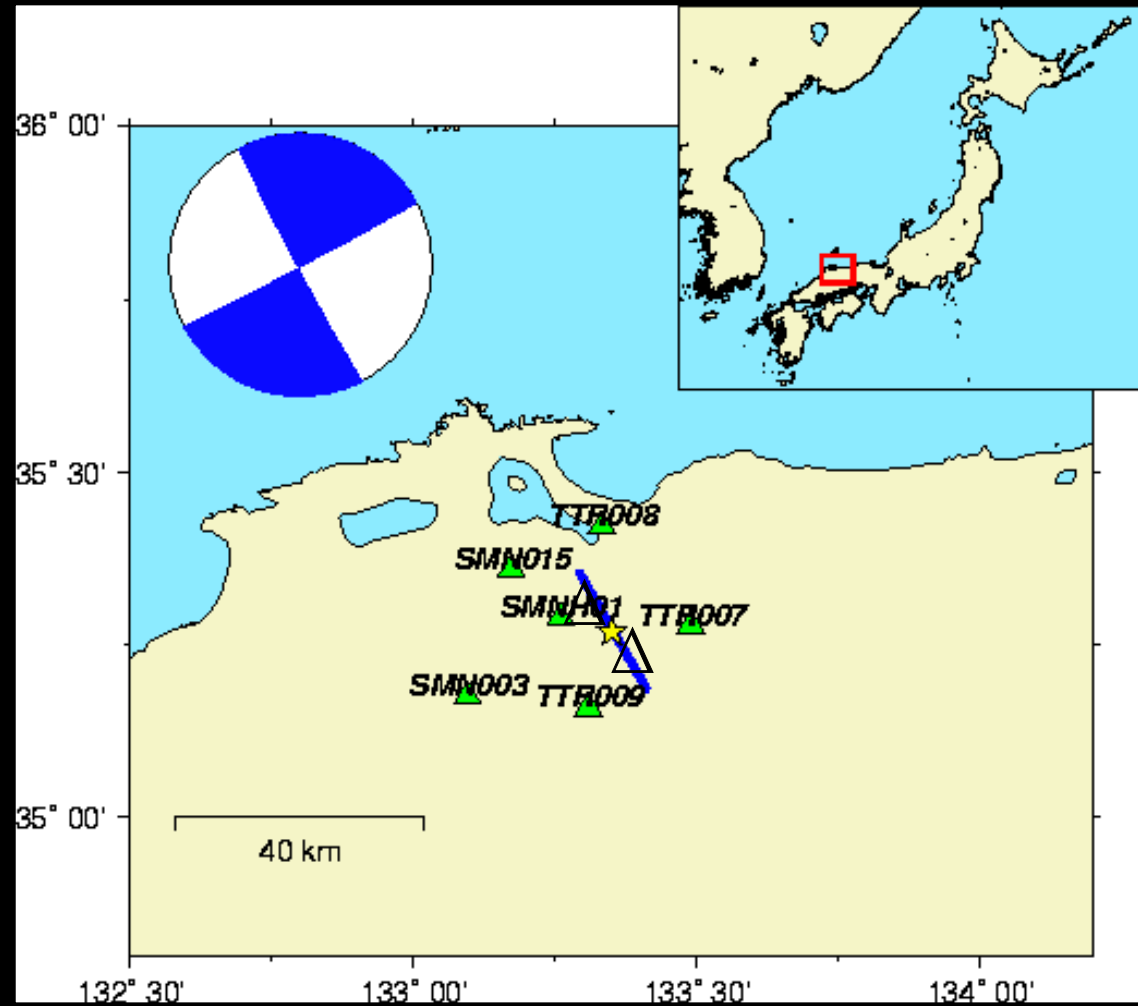


Homogeneous Initial Stress:

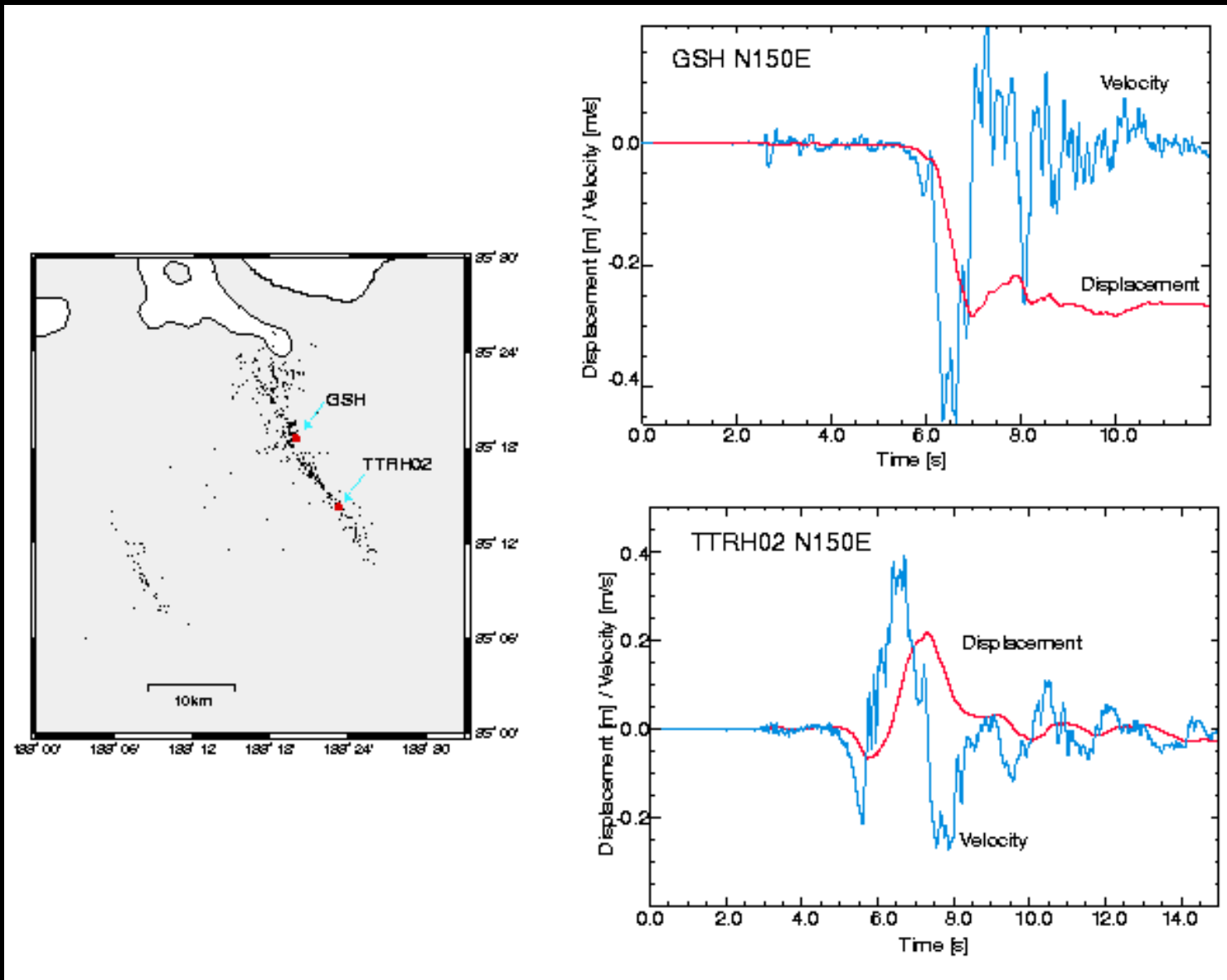
Vertical Fault, Surface Rupture ($D_c=20$ cm)



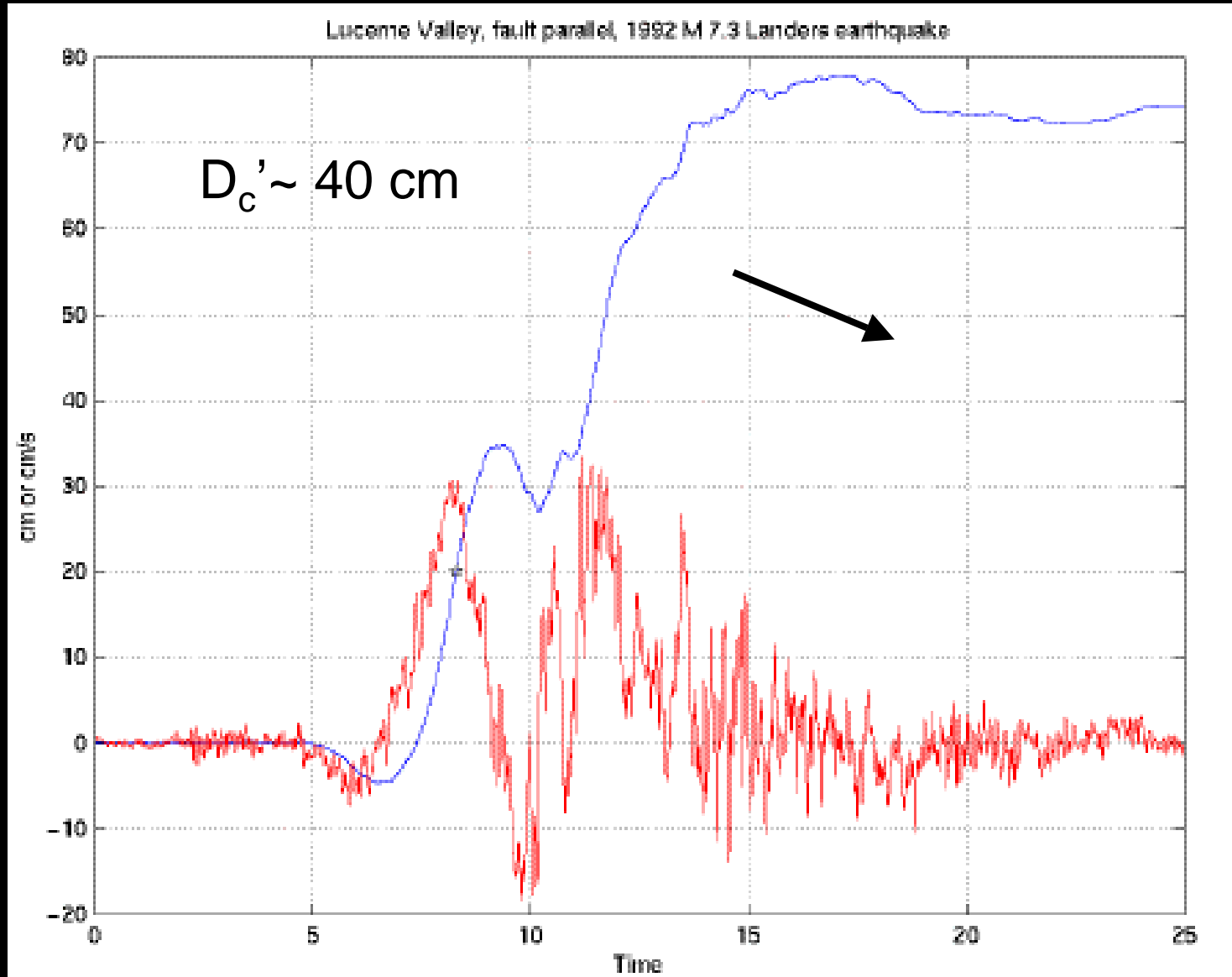
2000 M_w 6.6 Tottori Earthquake



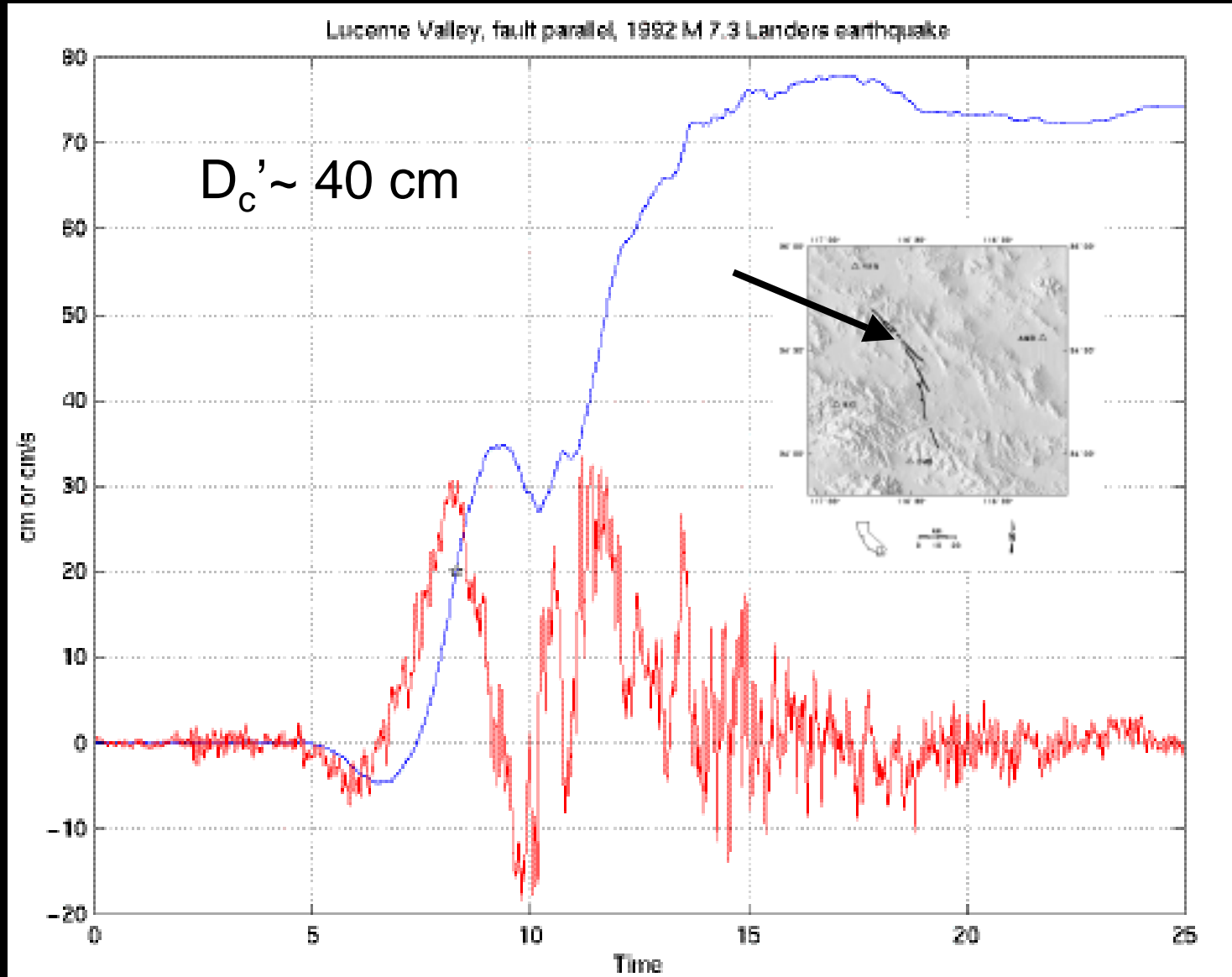
TTRH02 & GSH: $D_c' \sim 25\text{-}40\text{ cm}$



Lucerne Valley from 1992 M_w 7.3 Landers earthquake



Lucerne Valley from 1992 M_w 7.3 Landers earthquake



Summary

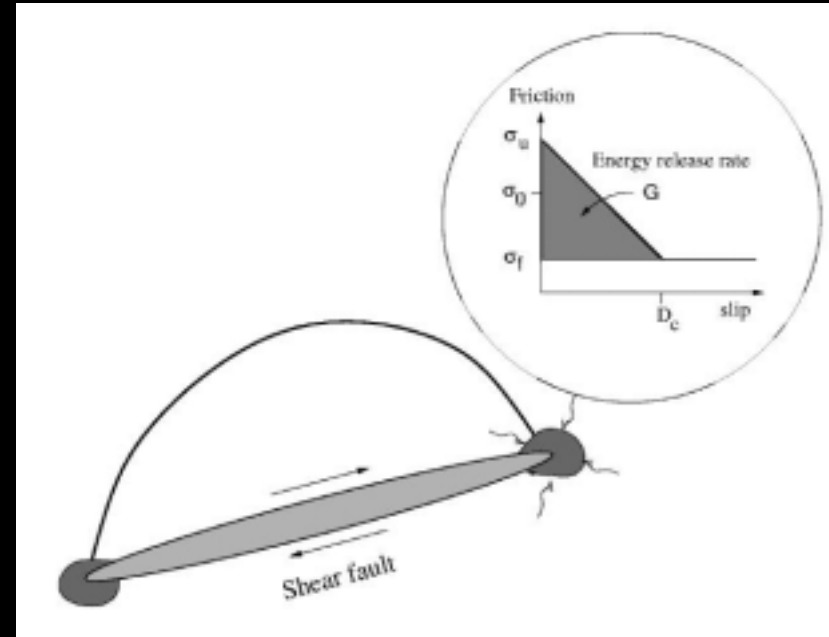
Summary

Measurement of D_c from near-fault strong motion data within factor of 2

Rupture Propagation

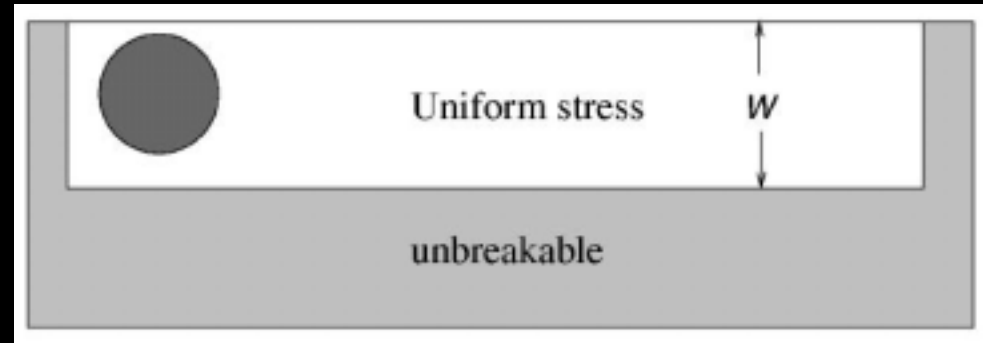
Possible to Characterize by
a Single Parameter ?

Fracture Energy Versus Strain Energy:

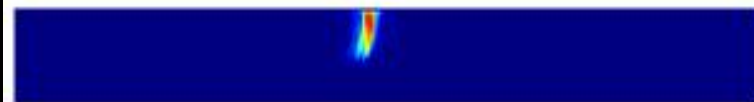


$$K = \frac{T_e^2 L}{\mu T_u D_c}$$

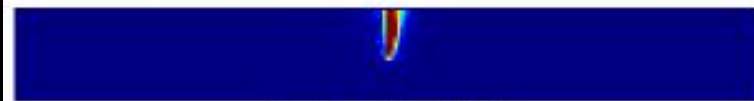
Critical Rupture Propagation



$\kappa_{paw} = 0.56$



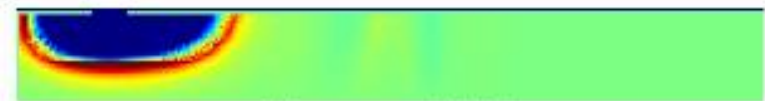
$\kappa_{paw} = 0.81$



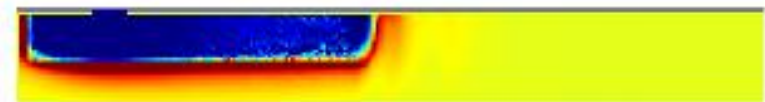
$\kappa_{paw} = 1.10$



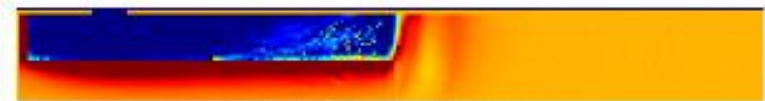
$\kappa_{paw} = 1.44$



$\kappa_{paw} = 0.56$



$\kappa_{paw} = 0.81$



$\kappa_{paw} = 1.10$



$\kappa_{paw} = 1.44$



0 Non-dimensional units 1

Rupture Bifurcation

$$\kappa < \kappa_C$$

no rupture

$$\kappa_C < \kappa < 1.5 \kappa_C$$

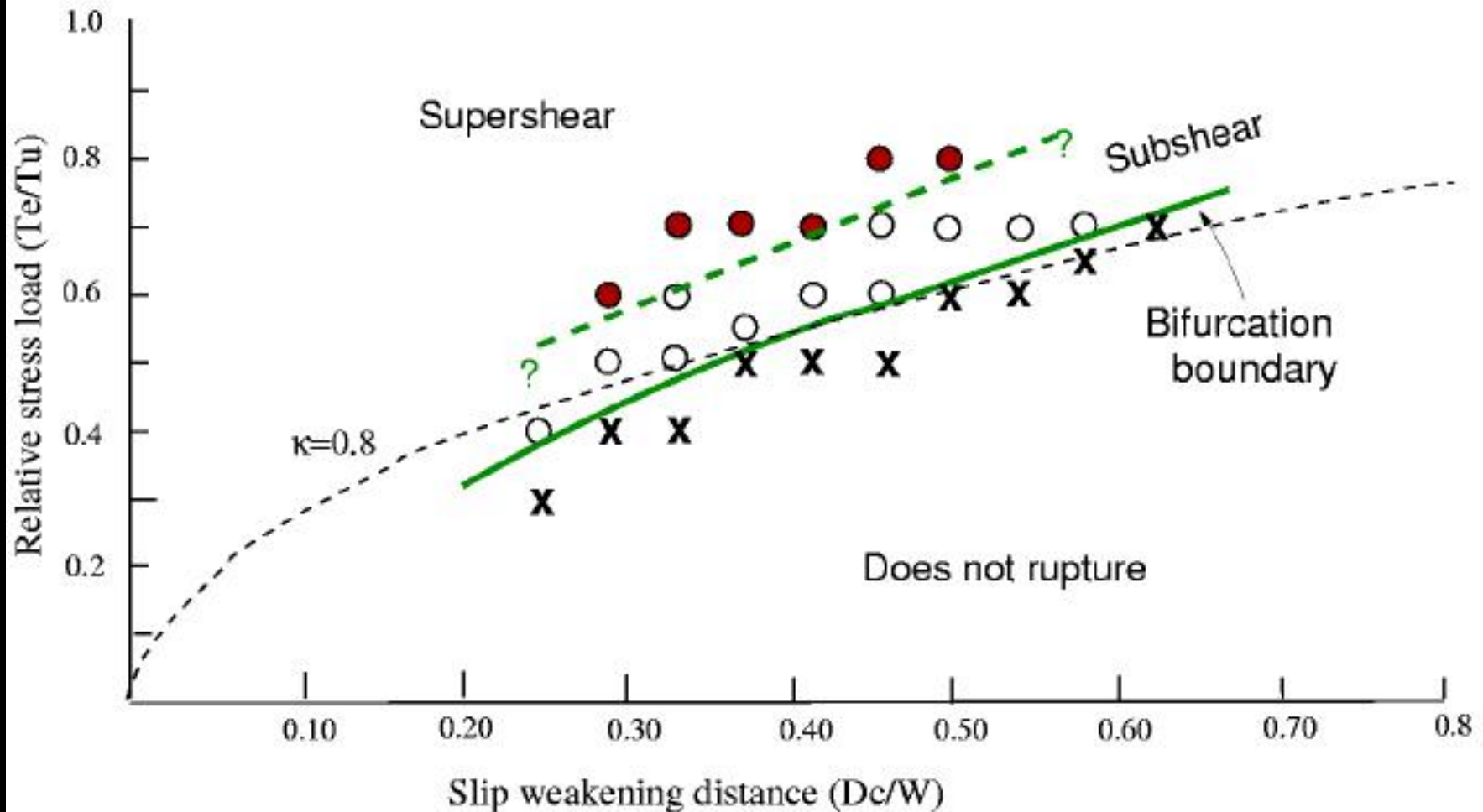
$$V_r < V_s$$

$$\kappa > 1.5 \kappa_C$$

$$V_r > V_s$$

Rupture Bifurcation

Rupture Bifurcation on a Rectangular Fault



Summary

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Non-dimensional number k characterizes
rupture propagation